



钜地半导体
Tudi Semiconductor

Product Specification

TUDI-MAX3483E

3.3V-Powered, $\pm 15\text{kV}$ ESD-Protected, 250kbps and
Slew-Rate-Limited True RS-485/RS-422 Transceivers

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FEATURES

- ESD protection for RS-485 I/O pins
 $\pm 15\text{kV}$ —Human Body Model
 $\pm 8\text{kV}$ —IEC1000-4-2, Contact discharge
 $\pm 15\text{kV}$ —IEC 1000-4-2, Air gap discharge
- 3.3V power supply
- Compatible with 5V logic
- Limited rise time to ensure error-free data transmission
- Low current shutdown mode
- -7 to 12V common mode input voltage range
- Current limiting and thermal shutdown for driver over-load protection

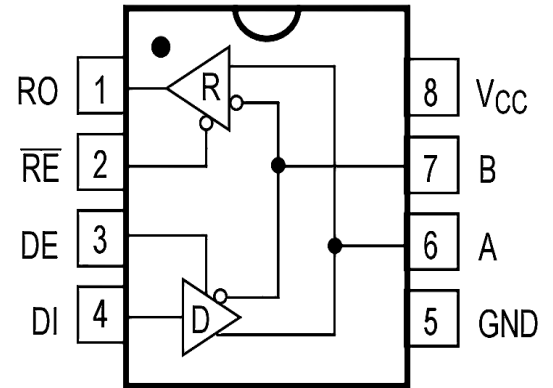


Figure 1. Pin Diagram

Description

The MAX3483E is a low-power, 3.3V transceiver for RS-485 and RS-42 communication with $\pm 15\text{kV}$ ESD protection. Each device contains a driver and a receiver. The MAX3483E features a limited-slope driver that EMI and reduces reflections due to improper cable termination, allowing for error-free data transmission at data rates up to 250kbps. The devices feature enhanced electrostatic (ESD) protection. All drivers and receiver inputs are protected by IEC 1000-4-2 air gap discharge ($\pm 15\text{kV}$), I 1000--2 contact discharge ($\pm 8\text{kV}$), and human body model ($\pm 15\text{kV}$). The driver features short-circuit current and is protected by a thermal shutdown circuit that places the driver output into a high-impedance state. The receiver input features a safe-operating-area function that guarantees logic high output if both inputs are open. And the MAX3483E is designed for half-duplex communication.

Applications

- Telecommunications
- Industrial-Control Local Area Networks
- Transceivers for EMI-Sensitive Applications
- Integrated Services Digital Networks
- Packet Switching



Pin description

Pin Number	Pin Name	FUNCTION
1	RO	Receiver Output.When enabled,ifA-B $\geq$ -10mV,then RO=high.IfA-B $\leq$ -200 mV,then RO=low
2	/RE	Receiver Output Enable.Alow level enables the RO;a high level places it in a high impedance state.
3	DE	Driver Output Enable.A high level enables the driver differential outputs,Pin A and Pin B;a low level places the driver in a high impedance state.
4	DI	Driver Input.When the driver is enabled,a logic low on DI forces Pin A low and Pin B high;a logic high on DI forces PinA high and Pin B low.
5	GND	Ground Connection (0V).
6	A	No inverting Receiver Input A/Driver Output A
7	B	Inverting Receiver Input B/Driver Output B.
8	VCC	Power Supply

Parameter limit

PARAMETER	Symbol	Value	Unit
CTR Port	/RE,DE,DI	-0.3~VCC+0.3	V
Driver Output Voltage	A、B	-7~13	V
Receiver Output Voltage	RO	-0.3~VCC+0.3	V
Supply Voltage	VCC	+7	V
Continuous Power Dissipation	MSOP8.SOP8.DIP8	830	mW
Soldering Temperature (reflow)		300	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-60~150	°C
Temperature Range		-40~85	°C

Stresses beyond those listed under “Parameter limit” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability



Receiver Switching Characteristics

Parameter	symbol	Test condition	Minimum	Typical case	Maximum	Unit
Propagation delay from receiver input to output, from low to high	tRPLH	CL=15pF See Figures 7 and 8		80	150	ns
The propagation delay from receiver input to output is from high to low	tRPHL			80	150	ns
tRPLH-tRPHL	tRPDS			7	10	ns
Enable low time out	tRPZL	CL=15pF See Figures 7 and 8		20	50	ns
Enable to output high time	tRPZH	CL=15pF See Figures 7 and 8		20	50	ns
Time from output low to disable	tpRLZ	CL=15pF See Figures 7 and 8		20	45	ns
Time from out-put high to disable	tpRHZ	CL=15pF See Figures 7 and 8		20	45	ns
Off stateEnable to output high time	tRPSH	CL=15pF See Figures 7 and 8		200	1400	ns
Off stateEnable low time out	tRPSL	CL=15pF See Figures 7 and 8		200	1400	ns
Time to turn off	tsHDN	NOTE	80		300	ns

NOTE: When /RE=1 and DE=0, the device will not enter shutdown mode if the duration is less than 80ns;however, it will definitely enter shutdown mode if the duration exceeds 300ns



supply current						
Parameter	symbol	Test condition	Minimum	Typical canse	Maximum	Unit
Supply current	I _{CC1}	/RE=0V,DE=0V		520	800	uA
	I _{CC2}	/RE=VCC,DE=VCC		540	700	uA
Turn-off current	I _{sHDN}	/RE=VCC,DE=0V		0.5	10	uA
Drive Switch Characterist-ics						
Parameter	symbol	Test condition	Minimum	Typical case	Maximum	Unit
Driver differen-tial output delay	t _{DD}	R _{DIFF} =60 Ω,CL ₁ =CL ₂ =100pF(see Fi-gure 3 and Figure 4)		10	35	ns
Drive differentialoutput transition time	t _{TD}			12	25	ns
Drive propagation delay from low to high	t _{PLH}	R _{DIFE} =27Ω(see Figure 3 and Figure 4)		8	35	ns
Drive propagationdelay from high to low	t _{PHL}			8	35	ns
t _{PLH} -t _{PHL}	t _{PDS}			1	8	ns
Enable to output high	t _{pZH}	R _L =110Ω(see Figure 5 and 6)		20	90	ns
Enable to output low	t _{pZL}			20	90	ns
Input low to disable	t _{PLZ}	R _L =110Ω(see Figure 5 and 6)		20	80	ns
Enable high input	t _{PHZ}			20	80	ns
Enable high outputunder off condition	t _{DSH}	R=110Ω(see Figure 5 and 6)		500	900	ns
Enable low output under shutdown conditions	t _{DSL}	R _L =110Ω(see Figure 5 and 6)		500	900	ns



DC electrical characteristics of the driver

Parameter	symbol	Test condition	Minimum	Typical case	Maximum	Unit
Driver differential output (non-loaded)	VoD ₁			3.3		V
Drive differential output	VoD ₂	graph 2,RL=54Ω	1.5		VCC	V
		graph 2,RL=100Ω	2		VCC	
Variation in the amplitude of the output voltage (NOTE1)	△VoD	graph 2,RL=54Ω			0.2	V
Output common mode voltage	Voc	graph 2,RL=54Ω			3	V
Amplitude Variation of Common Mode Output Voltage (NOTE1)	△Voc	graph 2,RL=54Ω			0.2	V
High-level input	VH	DE,DI,/RE	2.0			V
Low level input	V _π	DE,DI,/RE			0.8	V
Logic input current	IN1	DE,DI,/RE	-2		2	uA
Output the current during a short circuit, with high short-circuit	IosD ₁	Short circuit to 0V~12V			250	mA
Output the current during a short circuit, down to low	IosD ₂	Short circuit to -7V~0V	-250			mA
Overtemperature shutdown threshold temperature				140		°C
Overtemperature turn-off hysteresis temperature				20		°C



DC Electrical Characteristics of the Receiver

Parameter	symbol	Test condition	Minimum	Typical case	Maximum	Unit
Input current(A,B)	IN2	DE=0V,VCC=0 or 3.3V VIn=12V			125	uA
		DE=0V,VCC=0 or 3.3V VIn=-7V	-100			uA
Forward input threshold voltage	VIT+	$-7V \leq V_{cm} \leq 12V$			+200	mV
Reverse input threshold voltage	VIT-	$-7V \leq V_{cm} \leq 12V$	-200			mV
Input hysteresis voltage	Vhys	$-7V \leq V_{cm} \leq 12V$	10	30		mV
High level output voltage	VoH	IoUT=-2.5mA,VID=+200 mV	VCC-1.5			V
Low level output voltage	VoL	IoUT=+2.5mA,VD=-200 mV			0.4	V
Three-state input leakage cur-rent	IozR	$0.4V < V_o < 2.4V$			±1	uA
Input resistance of receiver	RIn	$-7V \leq V_{cm} \leq 12V$	96			kΩ
Receiver short circuit curr-ent	IosR	$0V \leq V_o \leq VCC$	±8		±60	mA



FUNCTION TABLES

TRANSMITTING						RECEIVING			
CTR	/RE	X	X	0	1	0	0	0	1
	DE	1	1	0	0	X	X	X	X
INPUTS	DI	1	0	X	X				
	A-B					$\geq -10\text{mV}$	$\leq -200\text{mV}$	Open/shorted	X
OUTPUTS	A	H	L	Z					
	B	L	H	Z					
	RO					H	L	H	Z

X:Don't care;Z:high impedance.

TEST CIRCUIT

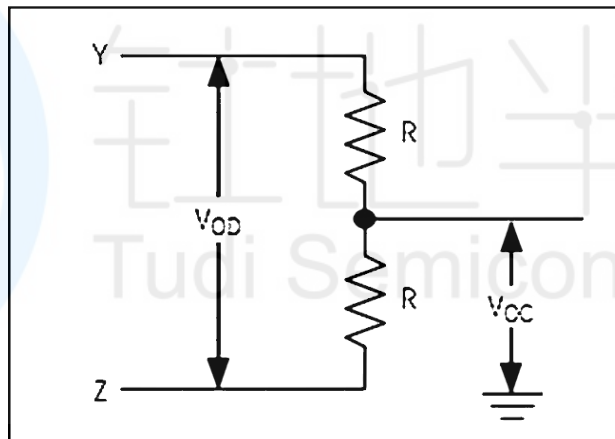


Figure 2 DC test load of the driver

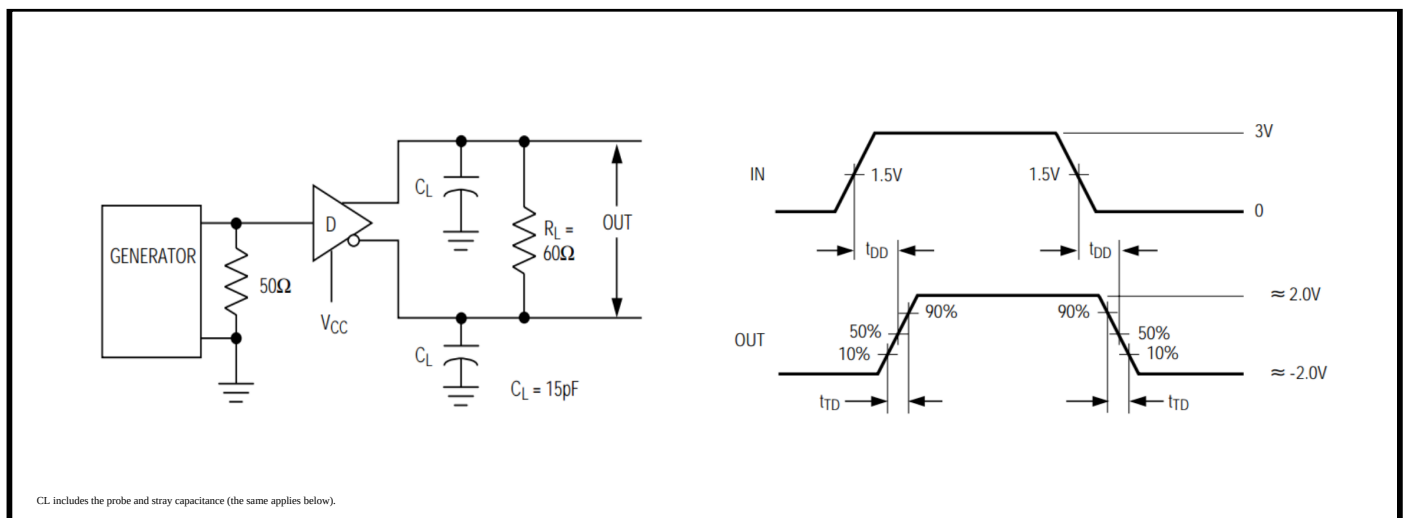


Figure 3 Differential delay and transit time of driver

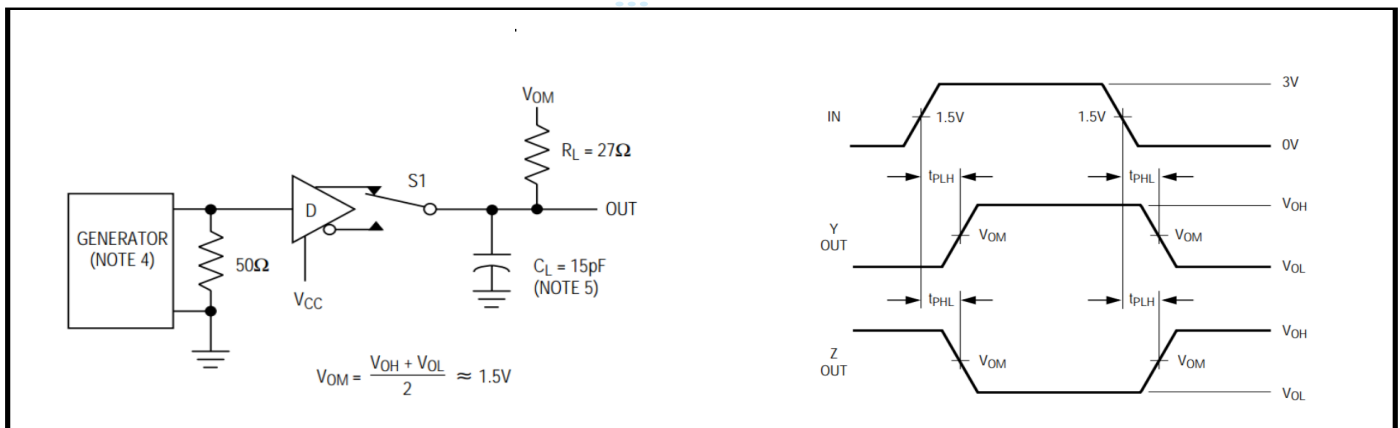


Figure 4 Propagation Delay of Driver

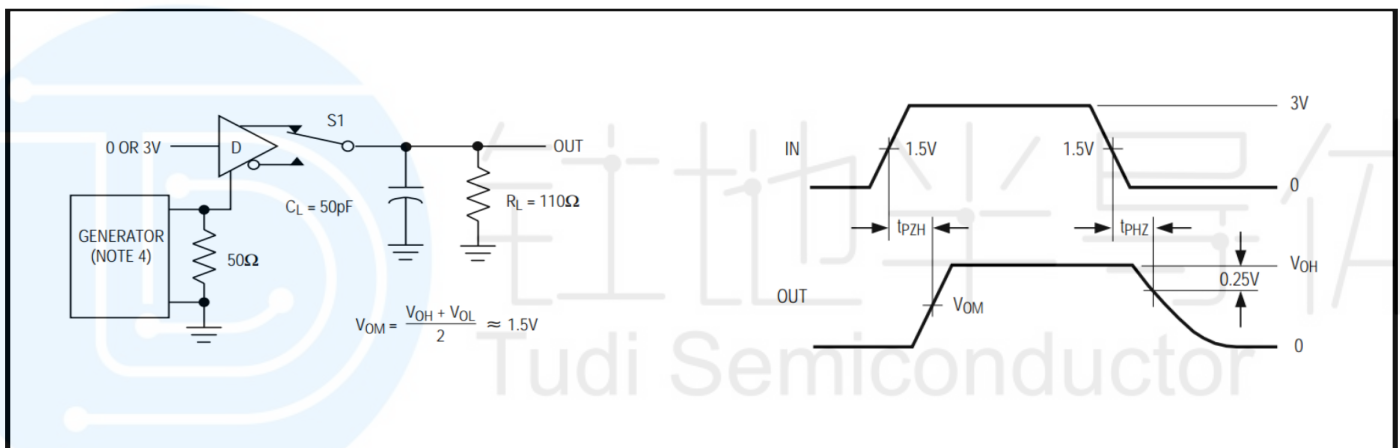


Figure 5 Driver enable and disable time

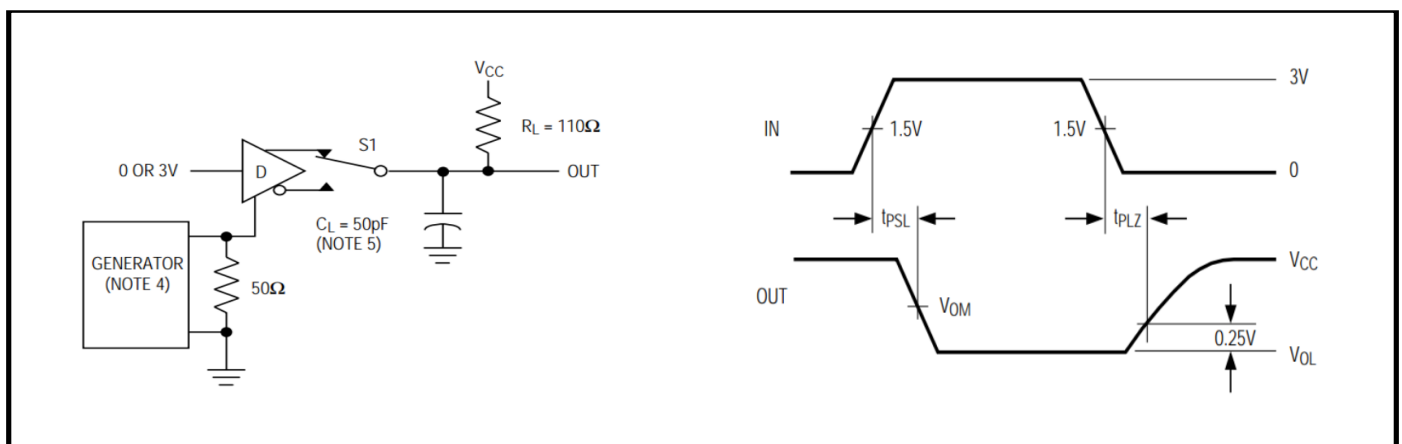


Figure 6 Driver enable and disable time

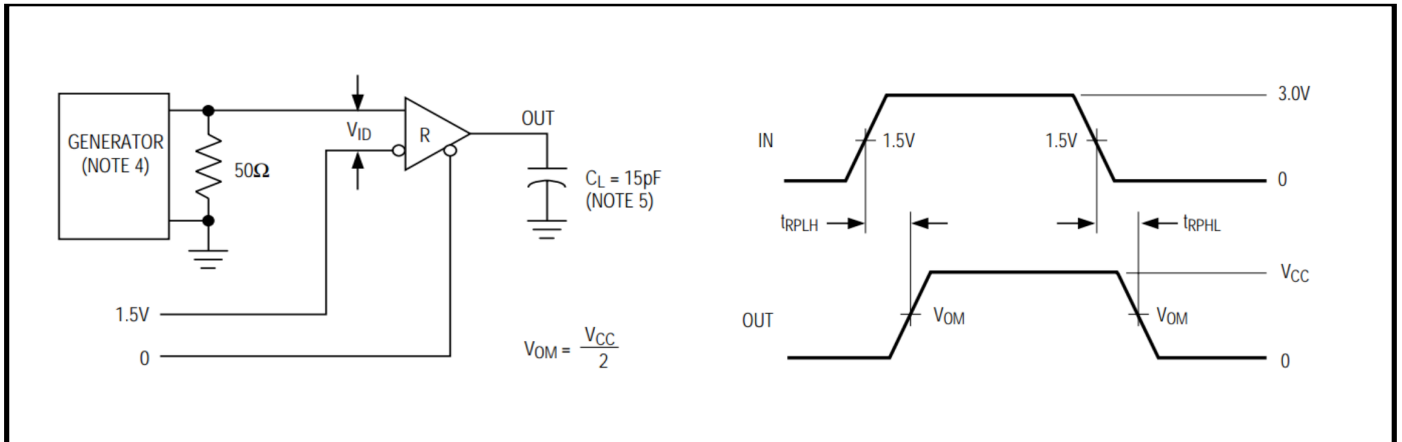


Figure 7 Receiver propagation delay test circuit

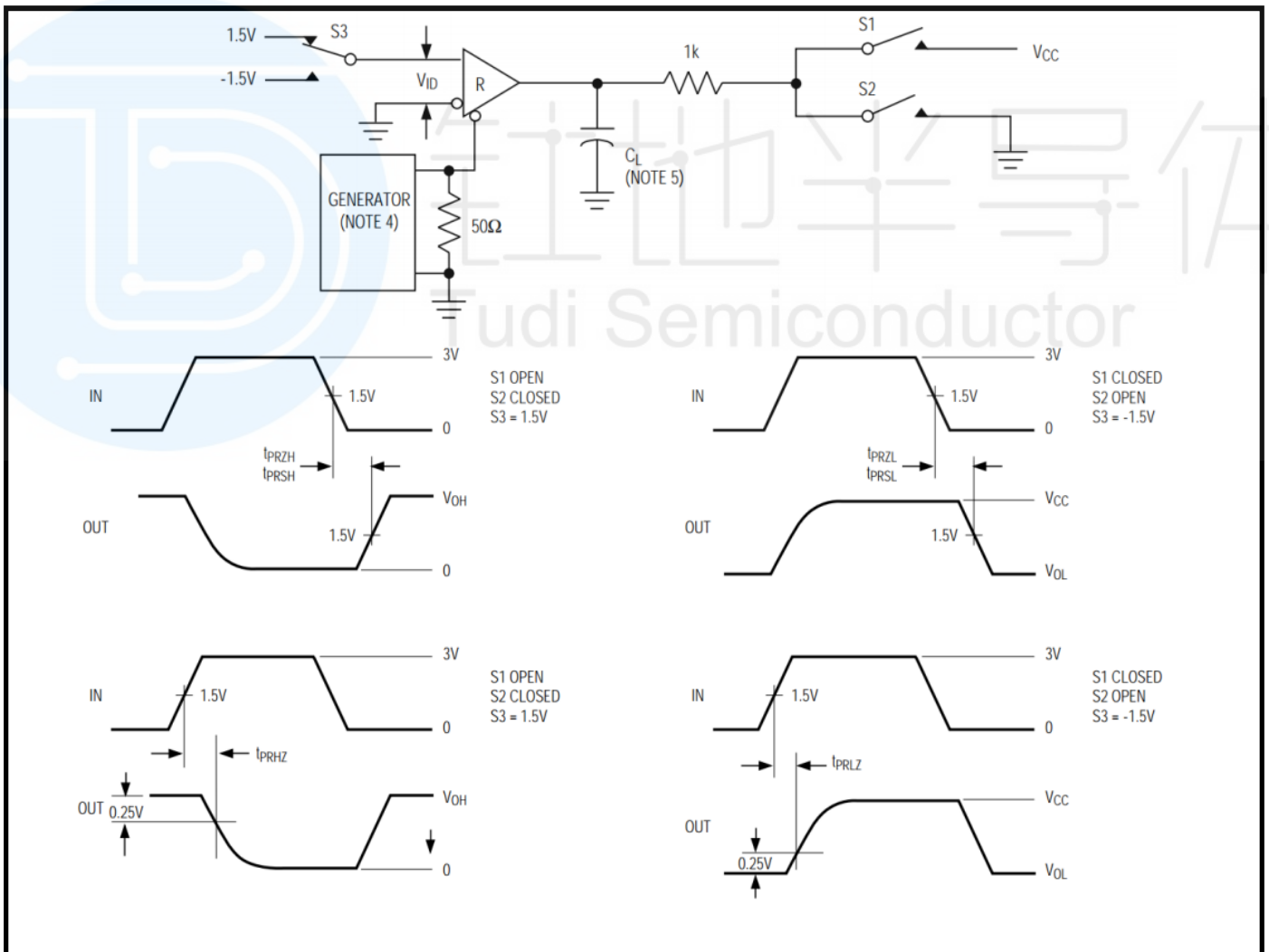


Figure 8 Receiver Enable and Disable Time

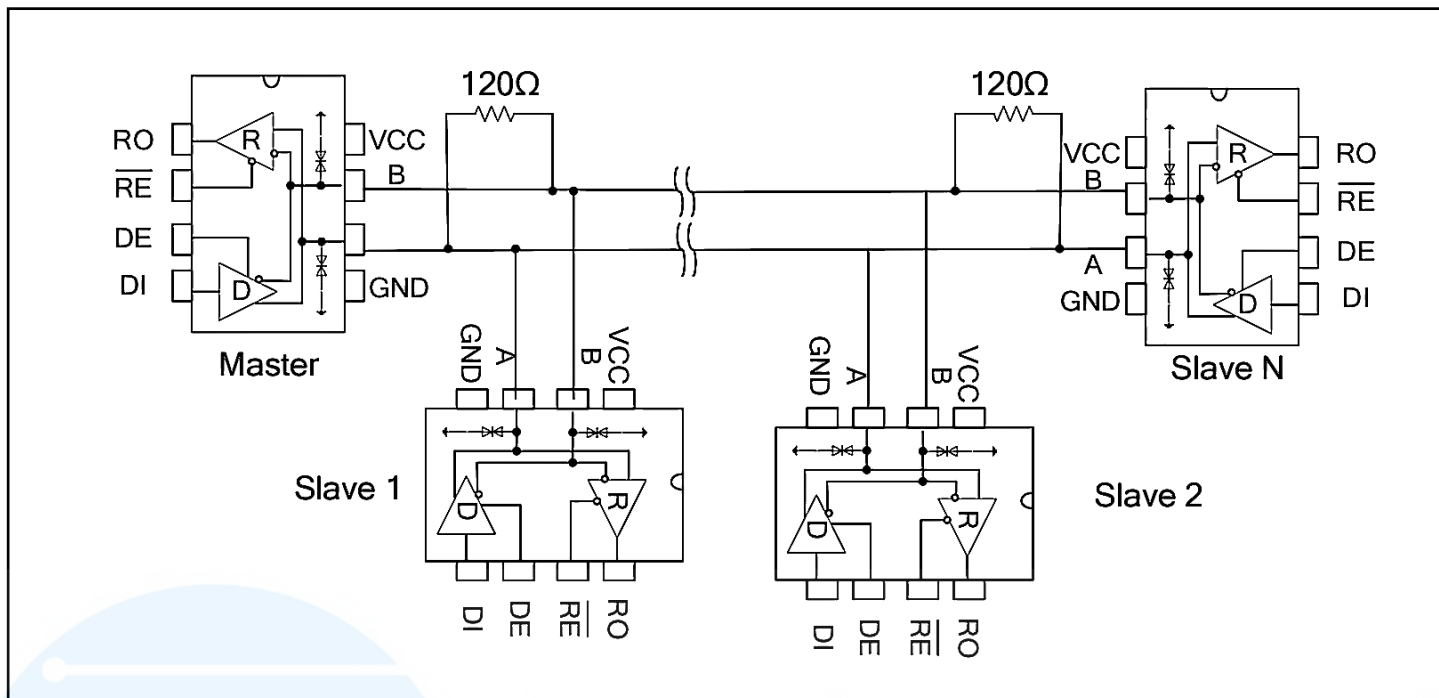


Fig11 Backbone cable type RS485 communications network

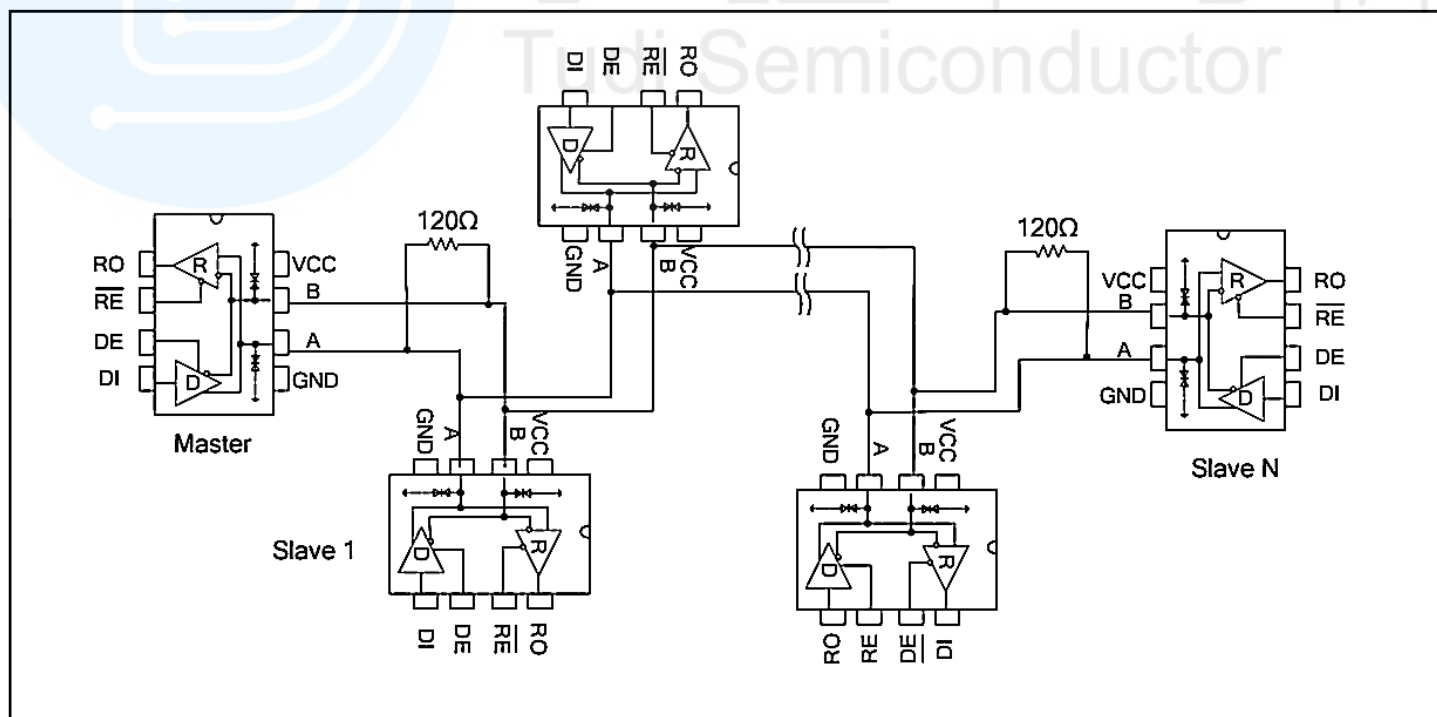


Fig12 Daisy chain topology type RS485 communications network

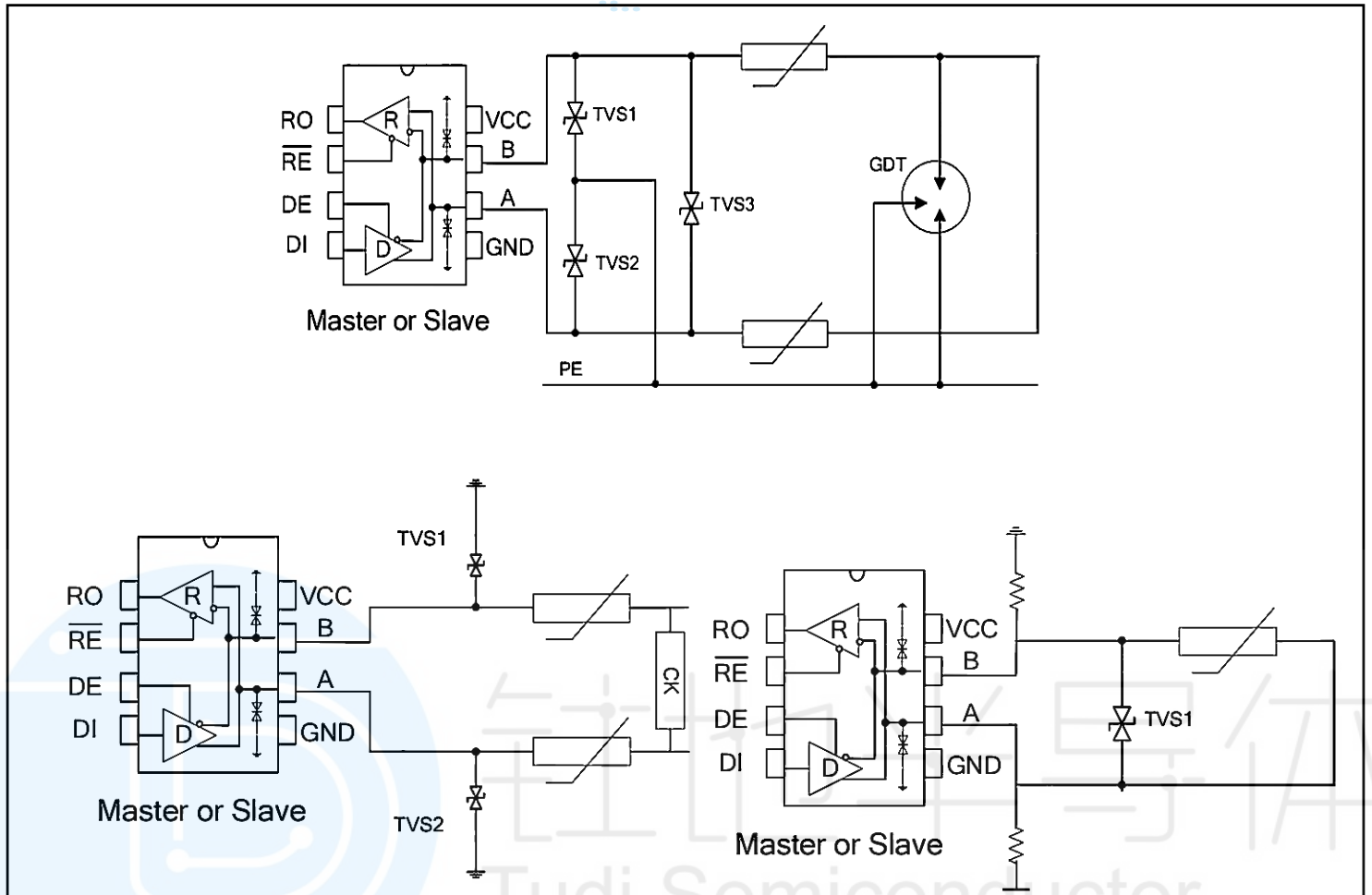


Fig13 RS485 bus ports Protection configuration

Order information

Order Number	Package	Package Quantity	Marking On The park	Temperature
MAX3483ECPA-TUDI	DIP8	Tube,50,A box of 2000	MAX3483ECPA	0°C to 70°C
MAX3483ECSA-TUDI	SOP8	Tape,Reel,2500	MAX3483ECSA	
MAX3483ECPA-TUDI	DIP8	Tube,50,A box of 2000	MAX3483ECPA	- 40°C to 85°C
MAX3483EESA-TUDI	SOP8	Tape,Reel,2500	MAX3483EESA	

Additional description

Description

3483E, including a driver and a receiver, is a half-duplex high-speed transceivers for RS-485 / RS-422 communications. 3483E features fail-safe, overvoltage protection, overcurrent protection, thermal protection, and allows / RE, DE hot-swappable. The 3483E allows an error-free data transmission up to 250Kbps.

Typical Application

Backbone cable type: 3483E transceiver is designed for multi-point bi-directional data communication bus transmission lines. Figure 11 shows a typical network application circuit. These devices can also be used as a cable longer than 4,000 feet of line repeater, to reduce the reflection, the transmission line should be in its ends terminated in its characteristic impedance, and stub lengths off the main line should be as short as possible. Hand in hand type: Also known as daisy chain topology, is the prior RS485 bus topology recommended by the TIA organization. The routing method is the master device and a number of slave devices connected in hand-handle configuration, as shown in Figure 12. It should be noted at that hand in handle means no branch line. This kind of topology has the advantages of small reflection and high rate of success communication. The bus port protection: In harsh environments, RS485 communication ports are usually done with static protection, lightning surge protection, and other additional protection, even prepared to prevent 380V electricity access by mistake. To avoid the destruction of intelligent instruments and industrial control host, figure 13 demonstrates three general kinds of RS485 bus port protection configuration.

Connecting 32 Transceivers on one Bus

The standard 3483E receiver input impedance is guaranteed $>12k\Omega$, the standard driver can drive up to 32 unit loads. These devices can be any combination, or in combination with other RS-485 transceiver combination, as long as the total load does not load more than 32 units, can be connected on the same bus.

Drive Output Protection

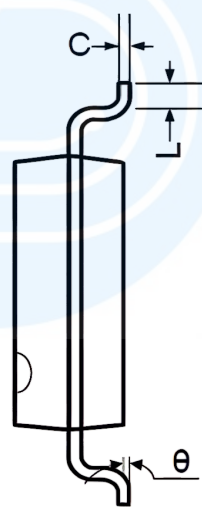
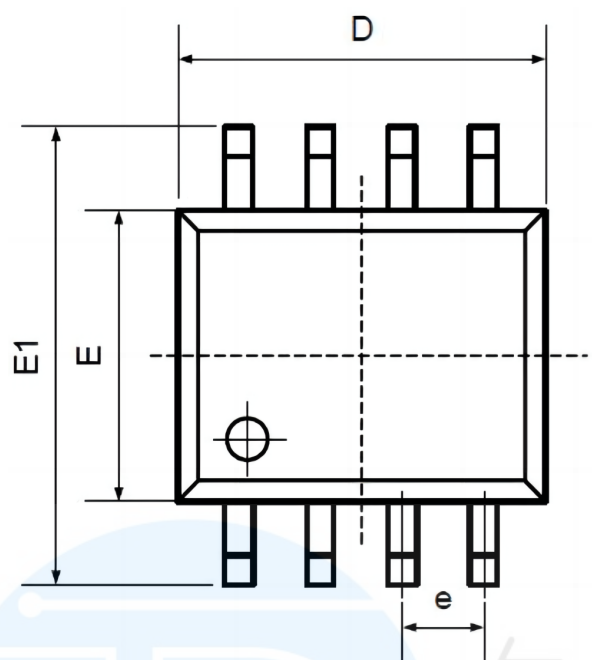
Through two mechanisms to avoid failure or a bus contention causes power consumption is too high. First, in the entire common Mode voltage range, overcurrent protection circuit provides a fast short protection. Second, when the die temperature exceeds 150°C , driver output is forced into a high impedance state by the thermal shutdown circuit.

Fail Safe

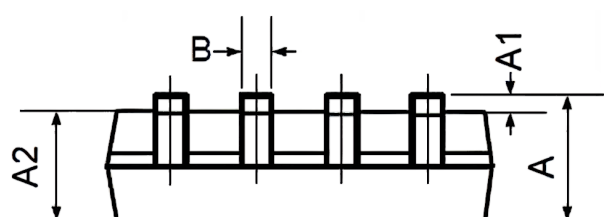
When the receiver inputs are shorted or open, or when they are connected to a terminated transmission line with all drivers disabled, 3483E guarantees a logic-high receiver output. This is done by the receiver input thresholds are set between -10mV and -200mV . If the differential receiver input voltage $(A-B) \geq -10\text{mV}$, RO is logic high; if the voltage $(A-B) \leq -200\text{mV}$, RO is logic low. When attached to the terminal all transmitters on the bus are disabled, the receiver differential input voltage is pulled to 0V by the termination resistor. With the receiver threshold of the 3483E, this results in a logic-high with a 10mV minimum noise margin. The -10mV to -200mV threshold complies with the $\pm 200\text{mV}$ EIA/TIA-485 standard.



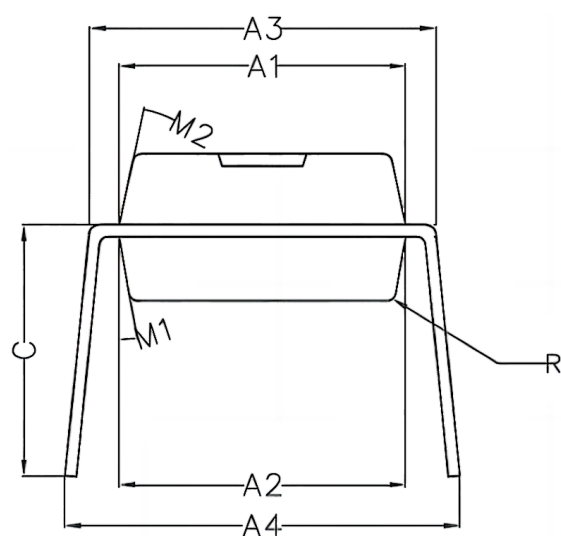
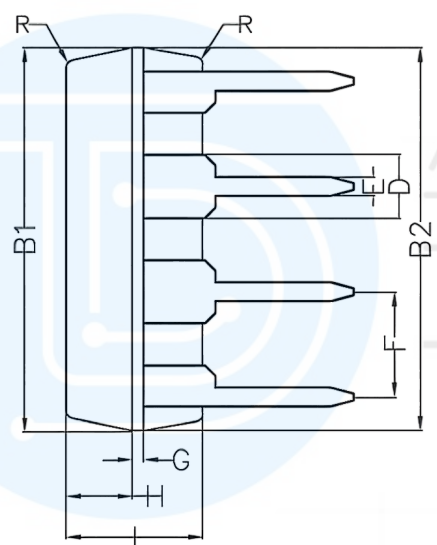
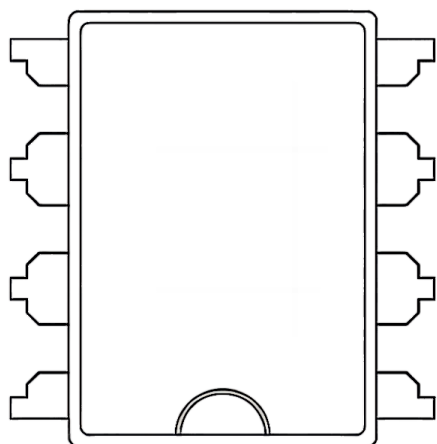
Package SOP8



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061
B	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020
C	0.190	0.250	0.007	0.010
D	4.780	5.000	0.188	0.197
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
E1	5.800	6.300	0.228	0.248
e	1.270TYP		0.050TYP	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°



Package DIP8



Symbol	Min	Non	Max
A1	6.28	6.33	6.38
A2	6.33	6.38	6.43
A3	7.52	7.62	7.72
A4	7.80	8.40	9.00
B1	9.15	9.20	9.25
B2	9.20	9.25	9.30
C		5.57	
D		1.52	
E	0.43	0.45	0.47
F		2.54	
G		0.25	
H	1.54	1.59	1.64
I	3.22	3.27	3.32
R		0.20	
M1	9°	10°	11°
M2	11°	12°	13°



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